

## ALMADÉN VINEYARDS

1530 BLOSSOM HILL ROAD, SAN JOSE, CALIFORNIA 95118 (408) 269-1312

September 24, 1980

Mr. Richard Mascolo Chief of Research and Regulations Branch Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms Washington, D.C. 20226

Dear Sir:

SUBJECT: Petition for Establishment of PAICINES as a Viticultural Area

In conjunction with the provision of 27 CFR §§4.25a(e)(2), Almadén Vineyards hereby petitions for the establishment of PAICINES as a viticultural area as detailed in the following paragraphs.

#### I. Evidence that the area is known

The area sought to be designated is located in unincorporated San Benito County, California. Paicines is named after the Paicines Indian tribe who lived in this area. The Paicines Grant was received in 1842 by Angel Castro and Jose Rodriguez, and the first vines were planted in the 1850's--about the same time as Cienega Valley. The Paicines area was openly roamed by the outlaw, Tiburcio Vasques, and the robbery and murders attributed to Vasques at Tres Pinos in 1872 (now Paicines) are an integral part of Paicines history. The Paicines area has provisions to serve as a fine grape growing region and has, for many years, provided a major supply of varietal grapes to the wineries for making Almadén's premium wines. Today that same grape growing region has been expanded by Almaden to about 4,500 acres consisting of approximately 17 different varieties of grapes. Almaden has documentation using Paicines on its labels dating back to 1959 (see attached Exhibit 1).

#### II. Boundries

The Paicines area is located about 17 miles north of Pinnacles National Monument and park. On the western side are the Cienega vineyards and the Gabilan mountain range which separates Paicines from San Lucas and King City. The San Luis Dam and Pacheco are on the northeast side, and New Idria and the Panoche Valley are on the eastern edge. The proposed viticultural area of Paicines, San Benito County, has been outlined in blue on the U.S.G.S. 7.5-minute series topographic maps attached as Exhibit 2. Almaden's vineyards are traced in yellow.

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The specific boundries are as follows: Beginning at the Northwestern-most point of the proposed area at Township 14 South, Range 6 East, Section 3, North border; thence to Township 14 South, Range 6 East, Section 2, North border; thence to Township 14 South, Range 6 East, Section 1, North border; continuing south along Township 14 South, Range 6 East, Section 1, East border; thence north along Township 14 South, Range 7 East, Section 7, North border; thence south along Township 14 South, Range 7 East, Section 7, East border; continuing south along Township 14 South, Range 7 East, Section 18, East border; thence morth along Township 14 South, Range 7 East, Section 20, North border; thence south to Township 14 South, Range 7 East, Section 20, East border; thence to Township 14 South, Range 7 East, Section 29, East border; thence to Township 14 South, Range 7 East, Section 32, East border; thence to Township 15 South, Range 7 East, Section 5, East border; thence to Township 15 South, Range 7 East, Section 8, East border; thence to Township 15 South, Range 7 East, Section 17, East border; to 36°37'30" and traveling West to Township 15 South, Range 7 East, Section 18, West border; thence north to Township 15 South, Range 7 East, Section 7, West border; thence west to Township 15 South, Range 6 East, Section 1, South border; thence to Township 15 South, Range 6 East, Section 1, West border; thence to 800-foot elevation and traveling North Northwest to Township 15 South, Range 6 East, Section 35, South border; thence west on Township 14 South, Range 6 East, Section 35, West border; thence north on Township 14 South, Range 6 East, Section 34, East border; thence to Township 14 South, Range 6 East, Section 27, Northeast border; thence to Township 14 South, Range 6 East, Section 22, Northeast border; to the unimproved dirt road; progressing along unimproved dirt road to the intersection with the San Benito River; thence following San Benito River and meandering north to Township 14 South, Range 6 East, Section 4, Eastern border; thence continuing north to Point of Beginning.

#### III. Geographical Features

Sea fossils are often found along the edge of the San Benito River which forms a portion of the western boundry of the proposed area and continues on through the vineyards. Elevation ranges from 500 ft. to 1,200 ft. above sea level, and Paicines takes advantage of the slight cooling afternoon breeze that comes in off the Monterey Valley. Annual rainfall is between 12 and 15 inches. During winter relative humidity is more than 50 percent most of the time. In spring relative humidity averages 60 to 75 percent at night and 40 to 50 percent during the day. Summers are quite dry; the average relative humidity in the daytime is about 20 to 25 percent. In fall readings of 45 to 60 percent are common at night, but during the day readings generally range from 30 to 50 percent. The 10-year average temperature is around 2750° days. The warm days and cool evenings of this region create an ideal climate for the growing of grapes.

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The Paicines area is comprised of various soil associations including Sorrento, Mocho, Clear Lake, Willows, Rincon, Antioch, Diablo, Soper, San Benito and Linne. The various soils in this area are generally well drained, of various depths, and root zones are quite deep. There are some sandy alluvial fans and terrace escarpments with rapid runoff.

Coolness and variety hold a great deal of importance in the production of fine wines, and Paicines ranks amoung the best regions in both climate and soil which produces, over the years, these fine quality wines of distinct character. We, therefore, request that this region be readily identified.

Your efforts to institute proceedings to designate the area PAICINES in San Benito County as a viticultural area as proscribed within the meaning of 27 CFR §§4.25a(e)(2) are appreciated.

Respectfully submitted,

Klaus P. Mathes

Vice President-Winemaster

KPM:bjo

APPROVED

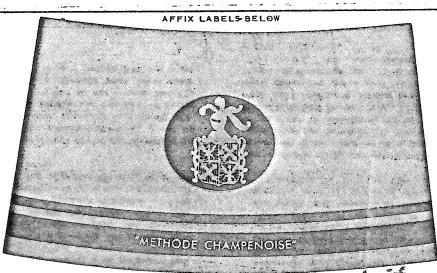
LABEL APPROVAL

APP. SERIAL NO., IF ANY

FOR USE OF INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE ONLY

REMARKS

THIS CENTILICATE AUTHORIZES THE BOTTLING OF PRODUCTS MADE IN ACCORDANCE WHILE FORMULA APPROVED APPROVED



1959 CUVÉE Shauldus

· Neck



# ALMADEN California BLANC DE BLANCS

Champagne

Produced and Bottled by

ALMADEN VINEYARDS • LOS GATOS, CALIFORNIA

ALCOHOL 121/2 BY VOLUME NET CONTENTS 4/5 QUART

Correctly and properly, a Blanc de Blancs Champagne is one made entirely from the rare, shy-bearing Pinot Chardonnay grape. Even in France, the production of such wine is extremely limited, and all the best of it comes from three little villages overlooking the Marne Valley south of Epernay and east of Paris. Most of this Blanc de Blancs is used in blends, to give lightness and distinction and bouquet to heavier and more common wines. Unblended, it commands, as it indeed should, a premium.

Until now it has hardly been possible to produce a Blanc de Blancs Champagne in California. There are less than 500 acres of Pinot Chardonnay grapes in the whole state, and it is only in the very coolest mountain districts that this incomparable variety gives its typical, its finest wine—pale, light, crisp, dry, but with no trace of greenness or acidity—elegant, sprightly, appetizing.

This Almadén Blanc de Blancs is virtually a Champagne in a class by itself. It comes from the largest Pinot Chardonnay vineyard in California, at Paicines, high up in San Benito County's Gavian Range; it was bottle fermented in the slow, traditional French way, and released for market only after years of aging in the bottle, to allow its bouquet to achieve full perfection. It is a California Champagne of which we are exceedingly (and we think justifiably) proud.

FRANK SCHOONMAKER

Front

Back

#### FOR USE OF INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE ONLY

REMARKS

A STATEMENT OF NET CONTENTS MUST BE BLOWN OR BRANDED INTO BOTTLE OR CONTAINER.

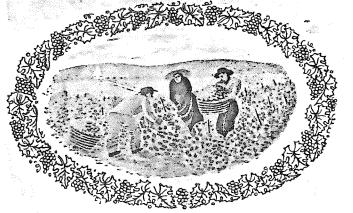
THIS CERTIFICATE IS OPERATIVE ONLY UNTILMAY - 6 1965

AFFIX LABELS BELOW



Heck

## Vineyards Established 1852



Front

## ALMADÉN California Mountain

## CABERNET SAUVIGNON

An extraordinary wine made from the great Cabernet Sauvignon red grape of Bordeaux, in this case grown in Almaden's Mountain Vineyards in San Benito County, California. The full characteristic flavor and bouquet are attributable to extra years of small oak cask and bottle aging.

ESTATE BOTTLED BY
Almadén Vineyards, Los Gatos, California
Alcohol 121/2% by volume

#### FOR USE OF INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE ONLY

REMARKS

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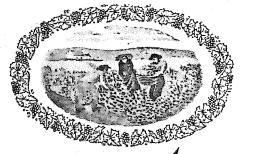
THIS CERTIFICATE IS OPERATIVE ONLY UNTILMAY - 6 1965

AFFIX LABELS BELOW



Neck

## Vineyards Established 1852



## ALMADEN California Mountain PINOT NOIR

An extraordinary wine made from the great Pinot Noir red grape of Burgundy, in this case grown in Almadén's Mountain Vineyards in San Benito County, California. The full characteristic flavor and bouquet are attributable to extra years of small oak cask and bottle aging.

ESTATE BOTTLED BY
Almadén Vineyards, Los Gatos, California
Alcohol 121/2% by volume

Front

#### FOR USE OF INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE ONLY

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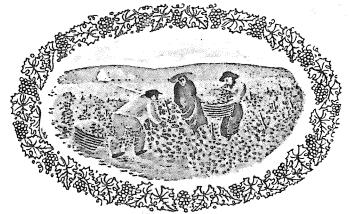
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AFFIX LABELS BELOW



Neck

## Vineyard v Established 1852



Front

## ALMADÉN

California Mountain

### JOHANNISBERG RIESLING

An extraordinary wine made from the great Johannisberg Riesling white grape of the Rheingau, in this case grown in Almadén's Mountain Vineyards in San Benito County, California. The full characteristic flavor and bouquet are attributable to extra years of small oak cask and bottle aging.

ESTATE BOTTLED BY
Almadén Vineyards, Los Gatos, California
Alcohol 121/2% by volume

ROVED

APP. SERIAL NO., IF ANY

#### LABEL APPROVAL

#### FOR USE OF INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE ONLY

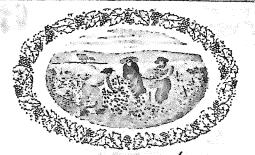
REMARKS

A STATEMENT OF NET CONTENTS MUST BE BLOWN OR BRANDED INTO BOTTLE OR CONTAINER.

AFFIX LABELS BELOW



## Vineyards Established 1852



## ALMADEN California Mountain PINOT NOIR

An extraordinary wine made from the great Pinot Noir red grape of Burgundy, in this case grown in Almadén's Mountain Vineyards at Paicines, California.

ESTATE BOTTLED BY
Almadén Vineyards, Los Gatos, California
Alcohol 122% by volume

#### FOR USE OF INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE ONLY

CONTENTS MUST BE BLOWN A STATEMENT OF NET OR BRANDED INTO BOTTLE OR CONTAINER.

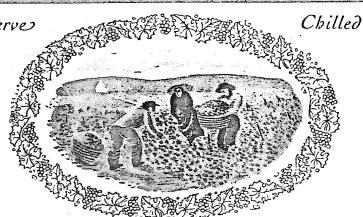
AFFIX LABELS BELOW



Heck

## Vineyards Established 1852

Serve



Front

## ALMADÉN

California Mountain

GRENACHE ROSÉ

A fresh, appetizing fragrant rosé wine
made from the famous Grenache grape of France in this case grown in Almaden's Mountain Vineyards in San Benito County, California

ESTATE BOTTLED BY Almadén Vineyards, Los Gatos, California Alcohol 121/2% by volume

#### FOR USE OF INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE ONLY

REMARKS

This certificate is operative only for the labeling of 5000 cases.

ATTACH LABELS BELOW

## Vineyards Bstablished 1852



## ALMADÉN

California Mountain

PINOT CHARDONNAY

An extraordinary wine made from the great Pinot Chardonnay white grape of Burgundy, in this case grown in Almadén's Mountain Vineyards at Paicines, California.

ESTATE BOTTLED BY
Almadén Vineyards, Los Gatos, California
Alcohol 12½% by volume



#### PINOT CHARDONNAY

("Pea-no Shar-donn-ay")

Pinot Chardonnay is made from the grape responsible for all the great white French Burgundies, such as Montrachet, Chablis and Pouilly-Fuissé—as well as being an ingredient of Champagne. In California it produces a wine which, though often lighter in body and somewhat drier than its European counterparts, is noted for its remarkable finesse and individuality.

Like most of the world's finest wine grapes, the Pinot Chardonnay is difficult to grow and a small producer, rendering it one of the scarcest and most sought after of all California whites. Probably the most extensive plantings in the U.S. are to be found in the 4000-acre vineyards of Almadén in San Benito County, founded by two Frenchmen, Etienne Thee and Charles Lefranc, in 1852.

**©AMERICAN AIRLINES** 

BACK

FRONT



NECK

#### Form 1649

(REVISED SEPT. 1969) DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE

#### APPLICATION FOR AND CERTIFICATION OF LABEL APPROVAL UNDER FEDERAL ALCOHOL ADMINISTRATION ACT

	Part 1. APPLICATION	
For IRS Use Only UNIVERSAL NUMERIC CODE CLASS AND TYPE  \$ 40	2. The following permittee applies for a certificate of label approval for an alcoholic beverage to be introduced into commerce in containers bearing the labels affixed below.	
VENDOR 0120		· ¬
1. IDENTIFICATION (a) BRAND NAME ALMADEN	Almaden Vineyards, Inc. P. O. Box 906	
(b) CLASS AND TYPE  Blanc de Blancs Champagne (c) PLANT REG. NO. OR BASIC PERMIT NO.  Calif. W-325	Los Gatos, Californ	nia
3. STATE ANY WORDING, EXCEPT REQUIRED INDICIA ON etc.) IF OPTIONAL SO INDICATE.	I CONTAINER, NOT SHOWN ON LABELS. (Caps, celoseals,	4. APPLICANT'S SERIAL NO. (If any)
The applicant hereby declares, under the penalties of pe application, including representations on labels and in s contents of the containers to which such labels will be a signature of APPLATION SIGNATURE OF APPLICATION	supplementary documents, are true and correct, and truly applied,  LIGHTOR SIGNATURE AND TITLE OF AUTHORIZED AGE	and correctly represent the
JAN. 26 1971 Part 2. CER This certificate of label approval is issued subject to the	TIFICATE OF LABEL APPROVAL	
JAMTERIS 1971 DIRECTOR, ALCOHO	L'TOBACES AND FIREARMS DIVISION	ack of this page.
For Use	of Internal Revenue Service Only  QUALIFICATIONS	
THIS CERTIFICATE AUTHORIZES THE BOTTLING OF FORMULA / 3	0.000 MART IN ACCORDANCE 9-12-56	

AFFIX LABELS BELOW



ALMADEN California BLANC DE BLANCS

FONDÉEEN

Shampagne

Produced and Bottled by ALMADÉN VINEYARDS . LOS GATOS, CALIFORNIA ALCOHOL 12 1/2 % BY VOLUME NET CONTENTS 4/5 QUART

Correctly and properly, a Blanc de Blancs Champagne is one made entirely from the rare, shy-bearing Pinot Chardonary grape. Even in France, the production of such wine is extremely limited, and all the best of it comes from three little villages overlooking the Marne Valley south of Epernay and east of Paris. Most of this Blanc de Blancs is used in blends, to give lightness and distinction and bouquet to heavier and more common wines. Unblended, it commands, as it indeed should, a premium.

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FRANK SCHOONMAKER

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## ALMADÉN VINEYARDS

1530 BLOSSOM HILL ROAD, SAN JOSE, CALIFORNIA 95118 (408) 269-1312

KLAUS P. MATHES
VICE PRESIDENT — WINEMASTER

January 13, 1981

Mr. William T. Drake
Assistant Director (Regulatory Enforcement)
Department of the Treasury
Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms
Washington, D.C. 20226

Dear Mr. Drake:

This memo is in response to your letter dated November 3, 1980 (R:R:R:RLW 5120) requesting more information regarding the petition by Almadén Vineyards for establishment of CIENEGA VALLEY and PAICINES viticultural areas.

Over the years, Almaden Vineyards kept the wines produced from the grapes harvested at Cienega Valley separate from wines we produced from the Paicines district because the quality of the produced wines from both locations is significantly different.

Geographical and vicitultural features of Cienega Valley versus the Paicines area are greatly different. Over the years Almaden Vineyards tried to discover the reason why the wines produced from the grapes harvested from each district are so distinctly different. Besides all statistical data, there are many obvious reasons that we believe have a definite influence on the quality and character of the wine.

- A. The Cienega Valley where the grapes are grown is located directly at the foot of the El Gavilan mountain range and northeast of the Salinas Valley. The Salinas Valley is known as a cooler area and is often blanketed with fog, and strongly influences the microclimate of the Cienega Valley by sending cooler air and fog into the Cienega grape growing region.
- B. The rainfall pattern at the El Gavilan mountain range differs greatly from the Paicines area. Due to the closeness of the Cienega Valley to the El Gavilan mountains, Cienega Valley often has rain whereas Paicines does not, thus creating different microclimatic conditions.

Mr. William Drake Page 2 January 13, 1981

- C. The elevation of Cienega Valley, in average, is higher than Paicines.
- D. The Cienega Valley has more trees adjacent to the vineyard areas whereas Paicines has very few trees.

Both Paicines and the Cienega Valley areas are in a wind tunnel of cool ocean air flowing to the San Joaquin Valley. Due to the location of its east/west canyons, Cienega is protected, however, Paicines area is open to the direct influence of these winds. At night Paicines is more protected from the evening fog, whereas Cienega does not have this protection due to its location at the foot of the El Gavilan mountains. The fog burns off at the Cienega Valley early in the morning, but the Paicines area, on a real foggy day, holds the fog longer than the Cienega Valley.

In Almaden Vineyards view, the aforementioned facts greatly distinguish an immense difference in geographical features as well as microclimatic conditions between Cienega Valley and Paicines grape growing regions.

We trust this will help to substantiate separating the two grape growing regions, and will substantiate granting Almaden Vineyards request to establish Cienega Valley and Paicines as viticultural areas.

Yours very truly,

Klaus P. Mathes

Vice President-Winemaster

KPM:bjo