**ALCOHOL BEVERAGE ADVERTISING**

- **What is considered an advertisement?**
  The regulations define the term “advertisement” as any written or verbal statement, illustration, or depiction which is in, or calculated to induce sales in, interstate or foreign commerce, or is disseminated by mail. Examples include ads in newspapers or magazines, trade booklets, menus, wine cards, leaflets, circulars, mailers, book inserts, catalogs, promotional materials, or sales pamphlets. The definition includes any written, printed, graphic, or other matter accompanying the container; markings on cases, billboards, signs, or other outdoor display; and broadcasts made via radio, television, or in any other media. Though not specifically listed, this definition includes websites and other Internet-based advertising such as social media.

- **Does TTB approve alcohol beverage advertisements?**
  The Federal Alcohol Administration Act does not require alcohol beverage advertisements to be approved prior to appearing in print or broadcast. TTB does, however, offer industry members, free of charge, a voluntary advertising pre-clearance service.

- **How does TTB monitor advertisements in the marketplace?**
  TTB monitors the advertising of alcohol beverages through a combination of (1) referrals and complaints about specific alcohol beverage advertisements, (2) industry member requests for advertising pre-clearance, and (3) internal selections of advertisements for review.

**PROHIBITED ADVERTISING PRACTICES**


Generally speaking the regulations prohibit:

- **Statements that are False or Untrue**
- **Statements that are Inconsistent with Approved Product Labels**
- **False or Misleading Statements that are Disparaging of a Competitor's Product**
- **Health-Related Statements that are False or Misleading**
  - **Misleading Guarantees**
    - *(Money back guarantees are not prohibited)*

For a complete listing of the prohibited practices, please review the following regulations:

- **Wine** – 27 CFR 4.64
- **Distilled Spirits** – 27 CFR 5.65
- **Malt Beverages** – 27 CFR 7.54

**DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY**

**WHAT YOU SHOULD KNOW ABOUT**

**ADVERTISING**

**ALCOHOL BEVERAGE PRODUCTS**

TTB 5190.05 (11/2012)
The Federal Alcohol Administration Act (FAA Act) gives the Alcohol and Tobacco Tax and Trade Bureau (TTB) its authority to regulate the advertising of alcohol beverage products. It provides for the regulation of those engaged in the alcohol beverage industry and for the protection of consumers. The FAA Act authorizes regulatory action to prevent deception of the consumer and to provide the consumer with adequate information on the identity of the product. The regulations for each commodity outline mandatory information that must appear in advertisements. Below are examples of advertisements for each beverage alcohol commodity regulated by TTB – wine, distilled spirits, and malt beverage – as well as a list of the mandatory information that must appear in an advertisement for those products.

### Wine Advertisement
- Responsible advertiser (27 CFR 4.62(a))
- Class, type, and distinctive designation (27 CFR 4.62(b))

![Wine Advertisement](image1.png)

### Distilled Spirits Advertisement
- Responsible advertiser (27 CFR 5.63(a))
- Class and type (27 CFR 5.63(b))
- Alcohol content (27 CFR 5.63(c))
- Percentage of neutral spirits and name of commodity (27 CFR 5.63(d)) – if applicable

![Distilled Spirits Advertisement](image2.png)

### Malt Beverage Advertisement
- Responsible advertiser (27 CFR 7.52(a))
- Class designation (27 CFR 7.52(b))

![Malt Beverage Advertisement](image3.png)